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12. The intraocular lens of claim 6 wherein the movement assembly comprises at least one fixation member including a proximal end region coupled to the lens body and distal end region extending away from the lens body and adapted to contact a capsular bag of the mammalian eye.

13. The intraocular lens of claim 9 wherein the movement assembly comprises at least one fixation member including a proximal end region coupled to the lens body and distal end region extending away from the lens body and adapted to contact a capsular bag of the mammalian eye.

14. The intraocular lens of claim 1 which provides enhanced accommodation performance relative to a similar intraocular lens having a single optical power.

15. The intraocular lens of claim 1 which provides enhanced accommodation performance relative to a similar intraocular lens located in a substantially fixed position in the eye.

16. The intraocular lens of claim 1 which provides enhanced accommodation performance for viewing near objects relative to a similar intraocular lens having a single optical power, and enhanced intermediate vision and a greater range of near vision relative to a similar intraocular lens located in a substantially fixed position in the eye.

17. A combination comprising:

a lens body sized and adapted for placement in a mammalian eye, and the lens body having a central axis and

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a plurality of different optical powers, the lens body including a central region about the central axis and at least one annular region extending radially outwardly from the central axis, the central region and the at least one annular region each having a different optical power; and

a movement assembly joined to the lens body and adapted to cooperate with the mammalian eye to effect accommodating movement of the lens body in the eye; and

a lens element adapted for implantation in a capsular bag of the eye.

18. The combination of claim 17 wherein the lens element is adapted for implantation in a substantially fixed position in the capsular bag of the eye, and has a single optical power.

19. The combination of claim 17 wherein the lens element is adapted to reduce cell growth in the capsular bag of the mammalian eye.

20. The combination of claim 17 wherein both the lens body and the lens element are adapted for implantation in the capsular bag of the mammalian eye with the lens body being located anterior of the lens element.

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